

GCSE OCR Computer Science

Unit

YEAR 11

2.1 Algorithms

2.1.1 Computational Thinking

- Define the term 'abstraction'
- Define the term 'decomposition'
- Define the term 'algorithmic thinking'
- Explain how decomposing a problem makes it easier to solve
- Explain why abstraction is used
- Give an example which demonstrates the term 'abstraction'
- Give an example which demonstrates the term 'decomposition'

2.1.2 Designing, Creating and Refining algorithms

- Define the term 'algorithm'
- Draw the shape for a process in a flowchart
- Draw the shape for a decision in a flowchart
- Draw the shape for input/output in a flowchart
- Fill out a trace table for a simple program
- Fill out a trace table for a program with a loop
- Complete a program with some statements missing
- Given a jumbled-up program, reorder the program instructions to fix it
- Draw a flowchart for a simple program
- Draw a flowchart for a program with a for loop
- Draw a flowchart for a program with a while loop
- Draw a flowchart that contains a sub program
- Draw a structure diagram
- Identify where functions or procedures can be used in a program

2.2 Programming Fundamentals

- Re-write a series of 'if-elseif' statements as a switch-case statement
- Define the term 'iteration' and give an example of what this would look like in code
- Define the term 'sequence' and give an example of how it is used in programming
- Define the term 'selection' and give two examples of selection in programming
- List the comparison operators
- List arithmetic operators and how to write these in ERL/Python

2.2.1 Programming Fundamentals	<p>Explain what the MOD operation does, giving an example</p> <p>Explain what the DIV operation does, giving an example</p> <p>Give an example of how the AND operator can be used</p> <p>Give an example of how the OR operator can be used</p> <p>Give an example of how the NOT operator can be used</p> <p>State the name for the operators: AND, OR and NOT</p> <p>Explain the difference between a 'while' loop and a 'repeat until' loop</p> <p>Define the term 'variable'</p> <p>Explain the difference between a counter-controlled loop and condition-controlled loop</p> <p>Explain why creating a constant instead of a variable can be beneficial and give an example</p>
2.2.2 Data Types	<p>State five data types that are commonly included in a programming language</p> <p>Explain how the substring() method works, giving an example</p> <p>Explain the need for casting</p> <p>Give two examples of data, stating which data type would be used</p> <p>Identify a string in ERL and program code</p> <p>Describe concatenation and give an example</p>
2.2.3 Additional Programming Techniques	<p>Be able to concatenate strings</p> <p>Be able to slice strings</p> <p>Explain how SQL is used to search for data</p> <p>Describe when and how you might use an array</p> <p>Write an SQL commant that uses SELECT FROM WHERE</p> <p>State the difference between a function and a procedure</p> <p>Describe the advantages to using sub programs</p> <p>Be able to use an array and explain why they are useful</p> <p>Be able to use 2D arrays and explain, using an example, what 2D arrays are used for</p> <p>Define the terms 'field' and 'record'</p> <p>Be able to read and understand a program that uses basic file handling: open, read, write and close operations</p> <p>Be able to write a program that uses basic file handling: open, read, write and close operations</p> <p>Be able to create and use random numbers in a program</p>

Explain the difference between local and global variables and constants
Create an example which demonstrates the scope of a local and global variable
Pass an array as a parameter to a sub program, and return the array

2.3 Producing Robust Programs

2.3.1 Defensive Design	Explain the phrase 'defensive design'
	State four techniques to create maintainable code
	Explain why creating maintainable code is desirable
	Write a comment in ERL and Python
	Explain why writing comments is useful
	State the naming conventions of variables and constants
	Explain why using sub programs makes code more maintainable
	Explain what is meant by code reuse
	Describe what types of validation could be used to check for a valid password
	Explain why validation should be used and give examples of when this is necessary
	Explain the difference between validation and verification
	Describe authentication and give examples of where this is applied
	Explain how a validation could be applied to user input of a username
	Explain issues that could occur if invalid data is entered into a program without any validation
2.3.2 Testing	Explain the difference between whitebox testing and blackbox testing
	Using an example, identify normal, boundary and invalid data to be used for a test
	Explain why testing needs to make use of different types of test data
	Compare the use of iterative testing and final/terminal testing
	Describe a syntax error and give a common example
	Describe a runtime error and give a common example
	Describe a logic error and give a common example
	Create a simple test plan, showing which data is to be used and what type of test data this is
	Give examples of erroneous data and explain why this should be rejected by the program

Explain the difference between invalid data and erroneous data

State which type of error prevents the program from being run

2.4 Boolean Logic

2.4.1 Boolean Logic

Draw the logic gate for AND

Draw the logic gate symbol for NOT

Draw the logic gate symbol for OR

Draw the truth table for the AND gate

Draw the truth table for the OR gate

Draw the truth table for the NOT gate

State the type of gate that requires only one input

Combine multiple gates together and state the logic equation for the final output

Draw the truth table for a logic diagram with three inputs

2.5 Programming Languages and IDEs

2.5.1 Languages

Give two examples of a high-level language

Describe the term 'low-level language'

Explain why programmers prefer to write in high-level languages

Describe the difference between high and low-level languages

Explain the purpose of a translator and why it is needed

Give an example of a low-level language instruction

Explain the role of a compiler and how it works

Explain the role of an interpreter and how it works

Compare the benefits and drawbacks of using a compiler vs an interpreter

2.5.2 The IDE

Explain the benefits to a programmer of using an IDE

Explain how a programmer would use error diagnostics to help them write a program

Explain the term 'run-time environment'

Explain the term 'editor' and how it is used

Explain how a translator can be included as part of an IDE and why this is useful